RevisionDate 03-Jun-2015,

Version 1

NITROGEN DIOXIDE Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

<u>Product identifier</u> ProductName

NITROGEN DIOXIDE

Other means of identification Safety data sheet number UN/ID no. Synonyms

TYHJ-P088 UN1067 Nitrogen Oxide; Nitrogen Peroxide; Dinitrogen Tetroxide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on useRecommended UseIndustrial and professional use.Uses advised againstConsumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

TAIYU INDUSTRIAL GASES Limited 16/F, Kowloon building, 555 Nathan Road, Mongkok Kowloon, Hong Kong TELEPHONE NUMBER: (852)22979277

CHENGDU TAIYU INDUSTRIAL GASES Co., Limited Chengdu Taiyu Industrial Gases Co.,Ltd Chengluo Avenue, Longquan District, Chengdu City, China (Mainland) TELEPHONE NUMBER: (86) 28-88455212(commonly)

* May include subsidiaries or affiliate companies/ divisions.

For additional product information contact your local customer service.Emergency telephone numberCompany Phone Number+86 28 88455212 (TYHJ Operations Center, CN)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B
Serious eye damage/ eye irritation	Category 1
Oxidizing gases	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard Statements

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated Fatal ifinhaled Causes severeskin burns and eye damage May cause damage to lungs Symptoms may be delayed

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Keep and store away from clothing and other combustible materials Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil Do not breathe gas. Donot get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, respiratory protection, and/ or face protection Use a backflow preventive device in piping Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use Open valve slowly Close valve after each use and when empty When returning cylinder, install leak tight valve outlet cap or plug

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS: Get medical advice/ attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Get medical attention/ advice In case offire: Stop leak if safe to do so

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/ 125°F

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/ containers in accordance with container supplier/ owner instructions

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Nitrogen dioxide	10102-44-0	100	NO 2

4. FIRST AID MEASURES				
Description of first aid measures				
General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Any physical exertion during this period should be discouraged as it may increase the severity of the pulmonary edema or chemical pneumonitis. Bed rest is indicated.			
Skin contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Immediate medical attention is required.			
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.			
Self-protection of the first aider	RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.			
Most important symptoms and effects,	both acute and delayed			
Symptoms	Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increasedheart rate. May cause burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Symptoms may be delayed.			
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed				
Note to physicians	Treat symptomatically.			
	5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES			
<u>Suitable extinguishing media</u> Use extinguishing measures that are app	propriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.			
Unsuitable extinguishingmedia	Do not use halogenated extinguishingagents or foam.			

Specific extinguishing methods

Continue to cool fire exposed cylinders until flames are extinguished. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Non-flammable gas. May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Will support and accelerate combustion of combustible materials (wood, paper, oil, debris, etc). Explodes on contact with alcohols, hydrocarbons, organic materials and fuel. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Hazardous combustion products Nitric acid and nitrous acid.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/ NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Corrosive hazard. Wear chemically protective gloves/ clothing and eye/ face protection. Additional chemical protective clothing may be required to protect from toxic decomposition products.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/ leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Monitor concentration of released product. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.	
Other Information	Gas/ vapor is heavier than air. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where accumulation may be dangerous.	
Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.	
Methods and material for containment a	and cleaning up	
Methods for containment	Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1 or call your closest Linde location.	
Methods for cleaning up	Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.	
	7. HANDLING AND STORAGE	
Precautions for safe handling		
Advice on safe handling	Anhydrous nitrogen dioxide is non-corrosive to most metals at normal temperatures. It does corrode copper and its alloys. Teflon® is the preferred gasket material. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Use only with equipment cleaned for oxygen service. Keep valves and fittings free from grease and oil. Open valve slowly. "NO SMOKING" signs should be posted in storage and use areas. Separate flammable gas cylinders from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. or by a 5 ft. high barrier with a minimum fire resistance rating of a half an hour. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do notdrag, roll, slide ordrop. When moving cylinders,	
	even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar,etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use a backflow preventive	

device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use

	and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.
	Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.
	Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.
Conditions for safe storage, including	ng any incompatibilities
Storage Conditions	Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregrated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Do not store near combustible materials
Incompatible materials	Violent reaction with cyclohexane, fluorine, nitrobenzene, petroleum and toluene.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHAPEL	NIOSH IDLH
Nitrogen dioxide 10102-44-0	5		IDLH: 20ppm STEL:1ppm
		Ceiling: 5 ppm Ceiling: 9 mg/ m ³	STEL: 1.8 mg/ m ³

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ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information	Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Ci 1992).	
Appropriate engineering controls		
Engineering Controls	Showers. Eyewash stations. Ventilation systems. Exhaust gas should be vented to a gas treatment system. Consider installation of leak detection systems in areas of use and storage. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.	
Individual protection measures, such as	spersonal protective equipment	
Eye/ face protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face protection shield.	
Skin and body protection	Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Gloves must be clean and free from grease or oil. Appropriate protective and chemical resistant gloves, clothing and splash protection, orfully encapsulating vapor protective clothing to prevent exposure. For materials of construction consult protective clothing manufacturer's specifications.	
Respiratory protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressuresupplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.	
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and	

immediately after handling the product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Compressed gas
Appearance	Reddish-brown in air.
Odor	Acrid.
Odor threshold	No information available
рН	No data available
Melting point	-11.20 °C / 11.84 °F
Evaporation rate	Not applicable
Fire Hazard	Yes
Lower flammability limit:	Not applicable
Upper flammability limit:	Not applicable
Flash point	No information available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Oxidizing properties	Oxidizer
Water solubility	Decomposes
Partition coefficient	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air =1)	Gas Density kg/ m³@20°C	Critical Temperatur
Nitrogen dioxide	46.01	21.1°C/70°F °C	14.8 psia@STP	2.8	3.4	158.2 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Strong oxidizer and extremely reactive. Nitrogen dioxide decomposes on contact with water to form nitric and nitrous acids.

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical ImpactNone.Sensitivity to Static DischargeNone.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Explodes on contact with alcohols, hydrocarbons, organic materials and fuel.

Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks. Temperatures above 160 °C / 320 °F. Protect from water. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials

Violent reaction with cyclohexane, fluorine, nitrobenzene, petroleum and toluene.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Nitric acid and nitrous acid.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	The vapor is highly toxic and hazardous because its ability to cause delayed chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. The absence of acute irritation limits its warning properties. Corrosive to respiratory system.
Skin contact	Corrosive. Causes severe irritation and or burns. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/ frostbite.
Eye contact	Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/ frostbite.
Ingestion	Not an expected route of exposure.
Information on toxicological effects	
Symptoms	May be fatal if inhaled. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/ gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increasedheart rate. Symptoms maybe delayed.
Delayed and immediate effects as well a	as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/ eye irritation Irritation Sensitization Germ cellmutagenicity Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity STOT - single exposure STOT - repeated exposure Chronic toxicity Target Organ Effects Aspiration hazard	Category 1B. Category 1. Concentrations of 10-20 ppm nitrogen dioxide are mildly irritating to the skin and eye. Causes severe irritation and or burns. Not classified. Not classified. This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP. Not classified. Not classified. Not classified. Not classified. Not classified. None known. Respiratory system, Eyes, Skin. Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA
Nitrogen dioxide 10102-44-0	-	-	-	115 ppm (Rat) 1hr
ProductInformation				
Oral LD50	No information	n available		
Dermal LD50	No information available			

No information available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Inhalation LC50

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes

Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT				
UN/IDno.	UN1067			
Proper shipping name	Dinitrogen tetroxide			
Hazard Class	2.3			
Subsidiary class	5.18			
Special Provisions	1, B7, B14, B45, B46, B61, B66, B67, B77, T50, TP21			
Description	UN1067, Dinitrogen tetroxide, 2.3 (5.1 8)			
Additional Description:	"Toxic-Inhalation Hazard Zone A" If net weight of product is greater than or equal to 10 lbs., the			
	shipping description must also contain the letters "RQ".			
Additional Marking Requirements:	"Inhalation Hazard" If net weight of product is greater than or equal to 10 lbs., the container must			
	also be marked with the letters "RQ".			
Emergency Response Guide Numbe	ir 124			
TDG				
UN/IDno.	UN1067			
Proper shipping name	Dinitrogen tetroxide			
Hazard Class	2.3			
Subsidiary class	5.18			
Description	UN1067, Dinitrogen tetroxide, 2.3 (5.1, 8)			
MEX				
UN/IDno.	UN1067			
Proper shipping name	Dinitrogen tetroxide			
Hazard Class	2.3			
Subsidiary class	5.18			
Description	UN1067, Dinitrogen tetroxide, 2.3 (5.1 8)			
IATA	Forbidden			
IMDG				
UN/IDno.	UN1067			
Proper shipping name	Dinitrogen tetroxide			
Hazard Class	2.3			
Subsidiary hazard class	5.1 8			
EmS-No.	F-C, S-W			
Description	UN1067, Dinitrogen tetroxide, 2.3 (5.1, 8)			
ADR				
UN/IDno.	UN1067			
Proper shipping name	Dinitrogen tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide)			
Hazard Class	2.3			
Classification code	2TOC			
Description	UN1067, Dinitrogen tetroxide (Nitrogen dioxide), 2.3, (5.1, 8)			
Labels	5.1,8			
	15. REGULATORY INFORMATION			
International Inventories				

International Inventories TSCA

Complies

DSL/ NDSL	Complies
EINECS/ ELINCS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/ Non-Domestic Substances List EINECS/ ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/ European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/ 312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

<u>CERCLA</u>

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302).

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/ SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Nitrogen dioxide	10 lb	10 lb	10 lb
10102-44-0			4.54 kg

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Nitrogen dioxide	10lb	-	-	Х
10102-44-0				

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, contains one or more regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68 or regulated as a highly hazardous chemical pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110 with specified thresholds:

Chemical Name	U.SCAA (Clean Air Act) -	U.SCAA (Clean Air Act) -	U.SOSHA-Process
	Accidental Release Prevention	Accidental Release Prevention	Safety Management-
	- Toxic Substances	- Flammable Substances	Highly Hazardous
Nitrogen dioxide			250lb

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

		Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
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Nitrogen dioxide	Х	Х	Х
10102-44-0			

International Regulations

Chemical Name	Carcinogenicity	Exposure Limits
Nitrogen dioxide		Mexico: TWA3ppm
		Mexico: TWA 6 mg/ m ³
		Mexico: STEL 5 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 10 mg/ m ³

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Instability 0

<u>NFPA</u>	Health hazards 3	Flammability 0

Physical and Chemical Properties W1** OX

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

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General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Taiyu Industrial Gases Co., Itd. and the purchaser.

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End of Safety Data Sheet